Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

Total Petrochemicals & Refining USA, Inc.

Site Name: Bayport HDPE Plant Physical Location: 12212 Port Rd Nearest City: Pasadena County: Harris

> Permit Number: O1447 Project Type: Renewal

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code: 2821 SIC Name: Plastics Materials

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields:

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected:

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: March 29, 2017

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

The Bayport facility consists of two major production units: Polyethylene Bay 1 and Polyethylene Bay 2. The two production units produce high-density polyethylene (HDPE). The chemical product is used in manufacturing a wide variety of consumer goods and other types of products. Each HDPE unit is described in greater detail below:

Bay 1 HDPE Unit:

Polyethylene employs Ziegler-Natta liquid phase slurry technology to produce high-density polyethylene. Polyethylene is produced by the polymerization of ethylene in the presence of a catalyst in suspended slurry in hexane. The polymer is separated from the diluent by using a centrifuge and then heating the polymer powder to vaporize the diluent and unreacted monomers. The hexane is purified and recycled for later use. The powder is transferred to compounding and finishing where small amounts of chemical additives are added. The powder and additives are then extruded and pelletized. The pellets are then loaded into bags, boxes, or railcars for product delivery. The final product, as packaged and shipped, is a pellet used by manufacturers to produce finished consumer goods.

Bay 2 HDPE Unit:

Polyethylene is produced by the polymerization of ethylene in the presence of a heterogeneous catalyst. A liquid hydrocarbon diluent is used to keep the catalyst and polymer in suspension. The polymer is separated from the diluent by heating the slurry, thereby vaporizing the diluent and unreacted monomers. The hydrocarbon stream is then purified and recycled. The fluff produced is transferred to compounding and finishing where small amounts of chemical additives are introduced. The fluff and additives are then melted in an extruder and extruded through a die plate to produce pellets. The final product, as packaged and shipped, is a pellet used by manufacturers to produce finished consumer goods.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, NOX, HAPS

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - o Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - o Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o Permit Shield
 - o New Source Review Authorization References
 - o Compliance Plan
 - Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - o Acronym list

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting: The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions: The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary: The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement: The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References: All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan: A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements: This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list: This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC \S 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	No
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	No
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	No
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the

specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
PP8008A	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-01	Type of Service = Existing diesel fuel-fired engine, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average that has not been modified, reconstructed or relocated on or after October 1, 2001
PP8008A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
PP8008B	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-01	Type of Service = Existing diesel fuel-fired engine, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average that has not been modified, reconstructed or relocated on or after October 1, 2001
PP8008B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
VEH008	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-01	Fuel Flow Monitoring = Unit is a diesel engine operating with a run time meter and using monthly fuel use records maintained for each engine per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a)(2)(C), 117.340(a)(2)(C) or 117.440(a)(2)(C).
			NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC §§ 117.310(d)(3) and 117.310(a)(9)
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 3 g/hp-hr option
			CO Averaging Method = Complying with the applicable emission limit using a block one-hour average.
			CO Monitoring System = Emissions monitored by means other than a CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = Engine is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Type of Service = SRIC engine not meeting an exemption
			Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel
			NOx Averaging Method = Complying with the applicable emission limit using a block one-hour average.
			Engine Type = Lean-burn
			NOx Reduction = None
			ESAD Date Placed in Service = Installed, modified, reconstructed or relocated on or after October 1, 2006, but before October 1, 2007.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing in accordance with 30 TAC § 117.8000

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Diesel HP Rating = Horsepower rating is 300 hp or greater, but less than 600 hp.
VEH008	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-01	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is not equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 20 and less than 25 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is a non-emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.
			Compliance Option = Certified engine according to §60.4211(b)(1).
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after $04/01/2006$.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured prior to model year 2007.
VEH008	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII		Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is not equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 20 and less than 25 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is a non-emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.
			Compliance Option = Records are being kept on a similar engine according to §60.4211(b)(2).
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured prior to model year 2007.
VEH008	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Normal use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
VEH009	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-01	Type of Service = Existing diesel fuel-fired engine, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average that has not been modified, reconstructed or relocated on or after October 1, 2001

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
VEH009	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP less than 100 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Limited use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
DIESELTK	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
DIESELTK	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
F210	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	Storage of	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit
F210	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs	F213VEN	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).
F210	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
F220	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs	F213VEN	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).
F220	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
F230	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs	F213VEN	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).
F230	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
F240	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-CEB	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit
F240	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs	Alternate Control Requirement = Not	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).
F240	40 CFR Part 60,	60Ka-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
	Subpart Ka		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters)
			True Vapor Pressure = TVP is greater than or equal to 1.5 but less than or equal to 11.1 psia

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Storage Vessel Description = Vapor recovery system (VRS) and a vapor return or disposal system (fixed roof)
			Reid Vapor Pressure = RVP not determined since 40 CFR § 60.115a(d)(1) exemption is not utilized
F250	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-CEB	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit
F250	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs	F213VEN	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).
F250	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters)
			True Vapor Pressure = TVP is greater than or equal to 1.5 but less than or equal to 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Vapor recovery system (VRS) and a vapor return or disposal system (fixed roof)
			Reid Vapor Pressure = RVP not determined since 40 CFR § 60.115a(d)(1) exemption is not utilized
F260	40 CFR Part 60,	60Ka-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
	Subpart Ka	bpart Ka Stora	Storage Capacity = Capacity is 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters) or less
			True Vapor Pressure = TVP is greater than 11.1 psia
F270	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
F270	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
GASTK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = Gasoline from a storage container in motor vehicle fuel dispensing service (as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 115)
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 25,000 gallons
GASTK	40 CFR Part 60,	60Ka-02	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
	Subpart Ka		Storage Capacity = Capacity is 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters) or less
SMALLTK	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-04	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-010	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
	VOCs		Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
TK-010	40 CFR Part 60,	60Ka-02	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
	Subpart Ka		Storage Capacity = Capacity is 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters) or less
TK8004A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5, Storage of	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
TK8004A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
TK8004B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-02	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
	VOCs		Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
TK8004B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
V2033	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-209	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.
	115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons Control Device Type = Flare
V2033	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
V2034	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-209	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons Control Device Type = Flare
V2034	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
V2035	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-209	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Flare
V2035	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)
V2037	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-209	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Control Device Type = Flare
V2037	40 CFR Part 60,	60Kb-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)
GASLOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility
UNLOAD	30 TAC Chapter	R5211-	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = No control device.
	115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	HIVP01	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.
UNLOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = No control device.
			Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.
UNLOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	and LOWVP	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.
X3CAT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	Unloading of VOC		facility or marine terminal.
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only loading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.
MM8009	30 TAC Chapter	R7310-01	Unit Type = Process heater
	117, Subchapter B		Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is less than or equal to 2 MMBtu/hr.
BO8001A	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-GS	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.
			NOx Reductions = No NO_x reduction.
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than $2.8(10^{11})$ Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
BO8001A	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-NG	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			NOx Reductions = No NO _x reduction.
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than $2.8(10^{11})$ Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
BO8001A	40 CFR Part 60,	60D-01	Construction/Modification Date = After September 18, 1978.
	Subpart D		Covered Under Subpart Da = The steam generating unit is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da.
			Changes to Existing Affected Facility = No change has been made to the existing fossil fuel-fired steam generating unit.
			Heat Input Rate = Heat input rate is less than or equal to 250 MMBtu/hr (73 MW).
BO8001A	40 CFR Part 60,	60Db-01	Construction/Modification Date = On or after November 25, 1986, and on or before July 9, 1997.
	Subpart Db		Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is less than or equal to 100 MMBtu/hr (29 MW).
BO8001A	40 CFR Part 60,	60Dc-GS	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005.
	Subpart Dc		PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring.
			Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW).
			SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO_2 monitoring.
			Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section $111(d)/129$ plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB.
			SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO_2 monitoring.
			Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75 MMBtu/hr (22 MW).
			Technology Type = None.
			D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas.
			47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority.
			D-Series Fuel Type = Other fuel.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
BO8001A	40 CFR Part 60,	60Dc-NG	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005.
	Subpart Dc		PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring.
			Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW).
			SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO_2 monitoring.
			Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section $111(d)/129$ plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB.
			SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO_2 monitoring.
			Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75 MMBtu/hr (22 MW).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Technology Type = None.
			D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas.
			47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
BO8001B	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-GS	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.
			$NOx Reductions = No NO_x reduction.$
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.8(1011) Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
BO8001B	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-NG	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.
			$NOx Reductions = No NO_x reduction.$

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.8(1011) Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
BO8001B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	60D-01	Construction/Modification Date = After September 18, 1978. Covered Under Subpart Da = The steam generating unit is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da. Changes to Existing Affected Facility = No change has been made to the existing fossil fuel-fired steam generating unit. Heat Input Rate = Heat input rate is less than or equal to 250 MMBtu/hr (73 MW).
BO8001B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	60Db-01	Construction/Modification Date = On or after November 25, 1986, and on or before July 9, 1997. Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is less than or equal to 100 MMBtu/hr (29 MW).
BO8001B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	60Dc-GS	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005. PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring. Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW). SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO2 monitoring. Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB. SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO2 monitoring. Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75 MMBtu/hr (22 MW). Technology Type = None. D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas. 47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority. D-Series Fuel Type = Other fuel. ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF. ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF. 30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
BO8001B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	60Dc-NG	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005. PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring. Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW). SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring. Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB. SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring. Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75
			MMBtu/hr (22 MW). Technology Type = None.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas.
			47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
TEMPBOILE R1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-04	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.
			$NOx Reductions = No NO_x reduction.$
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than $2.8(10^{11})$ Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
TEMPBOILE	40 CFR Part 60,	60Dc-02	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005.
R1	Subpart Dc	part Dc	PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring.
			Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW).
			SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO_2 monitoring.
			Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB.
			SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring.
			Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75 MMBtu/hr (22 MW).
			Technology Type = None.
			D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas.
			47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
TEMPBOILE R2	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-05	NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(d)(3) [relating to mass emissions cap and trade in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 and Emission Specifications for Attainment Demonstration].
			Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than 2 MMBtu/hr but less than 40 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option.
			CO Monitoring System = Monitored by method other than CEMS or PEMS.
			EGF System Cap Unit = The unit is not used as an electric generating facility to generate electricity for sale to the electric grid.
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas.
			NOx Emission Limit Average = Emission limit in pounds/hour on a block one-hour average.
			$NOx Reductions = No NO_x reduction.$
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than $2.8(10^{11})$ Btu/yr, based on rolling 12-month average.
TEMPBOILE	40 CFR Part 60,	60Dc-02	Construction/Modification Date = After June 9, 1989 but on or before February 28, 2005.
R2	Subpart Dc		PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring.
			Maximum Design Heat Input Capacity = Maximum design heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 10 MMBtu/hr (2.9 MW) but less than or equal to 100 MMBtu (29 MW).
			SO2 Inlet Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring.
			Other Subparts = The facility is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts AAAA or KKKK, or under an approved State or Federal section $111(d)/129$ plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBBB.
			SO2 Outlet Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring.
			Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than or equal to 30 MMBtu/hr (8.7 MW) but less than or equal to 75 MMBtu/hr (22 MW).
			Technology Type = None.
			D-Series Fuel Type = Natural gas.
			47C-Option = COMS exemption § 60.47c(f) for a facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the permitting authority.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			30% Coal Duct Burner = The facility does not combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system; or more than 30% of the heat is from combustion of coal and less than 70% is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.
209	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111-01	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
209	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-01	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the
			maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Air-assisted
209	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-01	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Air assisted
GQ352VEN	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-01	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
GQ352VEN	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-02	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
GQ352VEN	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-03	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR \S 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR \S 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
GQ352VEN	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-02	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
		opart A	Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
GQ352VEN	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-03	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	Subpart A	ppart A	Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
TEMPFLARE	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111-01	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1. Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
TEMPFLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-02	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
TEMPFLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-02	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8). Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
BAY1FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitive Emissions	R5780-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC fugitive emissions with no alternate control or control device
BAY1FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
BAY1FUG	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner of operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC service subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD with no alternate control or control device.
BAY2FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitive Emissions	R5780-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitives Emissions with no alternate control
BAY2FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
BAY2FUG	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner of operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC service subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD with no alternate control or control device.
CT8001	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Cooling Towers	R5760-01	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption. Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor. Alternative Monitoring = Complying with the specified monitoring in 30 TAC § 115.764. Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate 8000 gpm or greater. Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a). Modified Monitoring = NOT USING MINOR MODIFICATIONS TO THE MONITORING AND TESTING METHODS IN 30 TAC § 115.764.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to monitor cooling water flow rate at a location representative of the total flow rate to the cooling tower in accordance with § 115.764(g)(2).
			Total Strippalbe VOC = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements of § 115.764(a).
			On-Line Monitor = Speciated strippable HRVOC concentration is being determined by sampling.
GT335	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC	R5760-01	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption.
	Cooling Towers		Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor.
			Alternative Monitoring = Complying with the specified monitoring in 30 TAC § 115.764.
			Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate 8000 gpm or greater.
			Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a).
			Modified Monitoring = Minor modifications to the monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to use a continuous flow monitor on each inlet of each cooling tower in accordance with § $115.764(a)(1)$, (b)(1), or (h)(1).
			Total Strippalbe VOC = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements of § 115.764(a).
			On-Line Monitor = A continuous on-line monitor capable of providing total HRVOC and speciated HRVOCs in ppbw is being used.
GT335	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-01	Monitoring = The cooling water is being monitored for the presence of HAPs or other representative substances that would indicate a leak.
B1DEGAS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	nt Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
B1EXT1	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-CC	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	dus		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
B1EXT1	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-CEB	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	dus		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
B1EXT1	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-CC	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
B1EXT1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	Vent Gas	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
B1POWTRA	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-CC	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
N	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
B1POWTRA	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-CEB	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
N	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
B2DEGAS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-05	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
BAY2RTO	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-CONC	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
BAY2RTO	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5729-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
		B2RTO	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
BAY2RTO	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-02	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
BAY2RTO	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls	B2RTO	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
BAY2RTO	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF	B2RTO	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet a ppmv standard per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = Bypass line valves are secured in the closed position with a car-seal or lock-and-key configuration.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Combustion device other than an incinerator, boiler or process heater.
BO8001A	30 TAC Chapter		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gus		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
BO8001B	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
CEB	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-CEB	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
CEB	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-CEB	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
CEB	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-06	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet 98% reduction per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Meets $63.988(b)(2)$ = The control device does not meet the criteria in § $63.985(b)(2)$.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is being used.
			1257A1 = A design evaluation as specified in § 63.1257(a)(1) is being conducted.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			1257A1 Device Type = Thermal vapor incinerator not meeting the criteria in § 63.1257(a)(1)(i).
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DR2001A/B	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gus		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
DR2001A/B	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
DR2001A/B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF		Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
DR2002A/B	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
DR2002A/B	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
1	115, Vent Gas	ent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	Controls		establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
DR2002A/B	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
DR2003A/B	30 TAC Chapter		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
DR2003A/B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls		Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
DR2003A/B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
DR2004A/B	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	das		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
Ì			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
DR2004A/B	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
DR2004A/B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
GRP-B1FLR1	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
GRP-B1FLR1	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	115, Vent Gas Controls	GQ352VEN	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
GRP-B1FLR1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Part 63, 63FFFF-01	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
GRP-B1FLR2		R5720-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas	GQ352VEN	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
GRP-B1FLR2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121- GQ352VEN	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
GRP-B1FLR2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-02	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
GRP-B1OG	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-CONC	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
GRP-B1OG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-01	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
GRP-B2FLR	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
GRP-B2FLR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	r R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
GRP-B2FLR	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
RXA	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	duo		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
RXA	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas	BOILER	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	GdS		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
RXA	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	nt Gas	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
RXA	30 TAC Chapter	R5121- BOILER	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
TEMPFLARE	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5720-CEMS	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Guo		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
TEMPFLARE	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas	NOCEMS	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Guo		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
TEMPFLARE	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-08	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2001	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls		Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2001	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2002	30 TAC Chapter		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour $(ft3/hr)$.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2002	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	Vent Gas	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2002	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2005	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	dus		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2005	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2005	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2007	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2007	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2007	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2020	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas	VOC Vent UNCON	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
V2020	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-06	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
V2024	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	340		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2024	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2024	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2028	30 TAC Chapter	AC Chapter HRVOC Vent R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2028	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
V2028	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-05	Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1. Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
V2030	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent	R5720-209	Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
	Gas		HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
V2030	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
V2030	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-209	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V2030	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121- BOILER	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
	Controls		establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
V-8007	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-03	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
PAINTYARD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Surface Coating Operations	R5421-01	Alternate Requirements = No alternate requirement to 30 TAC §§ 115.421(a)(9) or 115.421(b)(8) has been approved or no alternate has been requested.
		ns	Alternative Compliance Method = No alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria has been approved by the TCEQ Executive Director or no such alternate has been requested.
			Facility Operations = Other miscellaneous metal parts and products coating.
			Miscellaneous Coating Type = Extreme performance coating, including chemical milling maskants.
			Maintenance Shop = Recoating used miscellaneous metal parts and products at an on-site maintenance shop that began operations before January 1, 2012.
			VOC Emission Rate = Uncontrolled emission rates not qualifying for exemption from control.
			Vapor Recovery = No vapor recovery system is used to control emissions.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- CVCEB	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Table 3 Control Requirements = Calculations from Table 3 require controls.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- CVFLARE	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Flare.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater.
			Table 3 Control Requirements = Calculations from Table 3 require controls.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-CVU	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is less than 0.10%.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is less than or equal to the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-EV	Emergency Vent = Emissions are an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
	Subpart DDD		Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR \S 60.560.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-	Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
	Subpart DDD	IVCEB	Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR ' 60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Intermittent Control Device = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY1	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-	Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
	Subpart DDD	IVFLARE	Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR ' 60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Intermittent Control Device = Flare.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- B2RTO-1	Control of Continuous Emissions = All continuous emissions are controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Control device other than an incinerator, boiler, process heater, flare, condenser, carbon

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			adsorber or absorber is used.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR ' 60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Intermittent Control Device = Control device other than an incinerator, boiler, process heater or flare is used.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- B2RTO-2	Control of Continuous Emissions = All continuous emissions are controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Control device other than an incinerator, boiler, process heater, flare, condenser, carbon adsorber or absorber is used.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR ' 60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Intermittent Control Device = Control device other than an incinerator, boiler, process heater or flare is used.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- CVBOILER	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity less than 150 MMBtu/hr.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater.
			Table 3 Control Requirements = Calculations from Table 3 require controls.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD- CVFLARE	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Control Device = Flare.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Annual Emissions Entering the Control Device = Annual emissions entering the control device are greater than or equal to the calculated threshold emissions levels calculated in Table 3.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater.
			Table 3 Control Requirements = Calculations from Table 3 require controls.
			Emission Reduction from Control Device = Existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561) reduces emissions by 98 percent or greater, or exit concentration is 20 ppmv or less.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-CVU	Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy) or greater.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is less than 0.10%.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is less than or equal to the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-EV	Emergency Vent = Emissions are an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
	Subpart DDD		Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD		Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
			Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR '60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.
			Intermittent Control Device = Boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of less than 150 MMBtu/hr.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
PRO-BAY2	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-	Emergency Vent = Emissions are not an emergency vent stream from a new, modified, or reconstructed facility.
	Subpart DDD	DD IVFLARE	Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene.
			Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced.
			Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous.
			Existing Control Device = The vent stream is not controlled in an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR ' 60.561) which has not been reconstructed, replaced, or its operating conditions modified as a result of state or local regulations.
			Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit intermittent emissions.
			Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Intermittent Control Device = Flare.
			Experimental Process Line = the affected facility is a producton process line.
			Table 2 Threshold Emission Rates = The uncontrolled emission rate is greater than the uncontrolled threshold emission rates in Table 2 of 40 CFR § 60.560.
BAY2RTO	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-06	Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is less than 40 MMBtu/hr
СЕВ	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7310-06	Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is less than 40 MMBtu/hr
MCPU-BAY1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-02	>1000 lb/yr = The process has uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from process vents of less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			Ammonium Sulfate = The MCPU does not include the manufacture of ammonium sulfate as a by-product, or the slurry entering the by-product manufacturing process contains 50 parts per million by weight (ppmw) HAP or less or 10 ppmw benzene or less.
			Startup 2003 = The affected source startup was before November 10, 2003.
			Other Operations = The MCPU includes operations other than those listed in § 63.2435(c).
			Shared Batch Vent = The MCPU does not include a batch process vent that also is part of a CMPU as defined in subparts F and G of this part 63.
			63.100 CMPU = The MCPU is not a CMPU defined in § 63.100.
			New Source = The MCPU is an existing affected source.
			PUG = The MCPU is not part of a process unit group (PUG).
			G2/<1000 lb/yr = The process does not include Group 2 batch process vents and/or uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from the sum of all batch and continuous process vents less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			Startup 2002 = The affected source initial startup was before April 4, 2002.
			PP Alt = The MCPU is complying with the emission limitations and work practice standards contained in Tables 1 through 7.
			Batch Process Vents = The source does not include batch process vents.
MCPU-BAY2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-02	>1000 lb/yr = The process has uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from process vents of less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			Ammonium Sulfate = The MCPU does not include the manufacture of ammonium sulfate as a by-product, or the slurry entering the by-product manufacturing process contains 50 parts per million by weight (ppmw) HAP or less or 10 ppmw benzene or less.
			Startup 2003 = The affected source startup was before November 10, 2003.
			Other Operations = The MCPU includes operations other than those listed in § 63.2435(c).
			Shared Batch Vent = The MCPU does not include a batch process vent that also is part of a CMPU as defined in subparts F and G of this part 63.
			63.100 CMPU = The MCPU is not a CMPU defined in § 63.100.
			New Source = The MCPU is an existing affected source.
			PUG = The MCPU is not part of a process unit group (PUG).
			G2/<1000 lb/yr = The process does not include Group 2 batch process vents and/or uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from the sum of all batch and continuous process vents less than 1,000 lb/yr.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Startup 2002 = The affected source initial startup was before April 4, 2002.
			PP Alt = The MCPU is complying with the emission limitations and work practice standards contained in Tables 1 through 7.
			Batch Process Vents = The source does not include batch process vents.

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued
of an existing facility	after operation commences; significant revisions require
	approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not
	authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by
environment and human health by conducting a	the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as
health effects review and that requirement for	authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in
best available control technology (BACT) is	place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
implemented.	
Up to two Public notices may be required.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public
Opportunity for public comment and contested	comments. No contested case hearings.
case hearings for some authorizations.	
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major
	sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of
individual emission sources	multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the
which the applicant must construct and operate	general operational requirements of the site; and also
its various equipment and processes on a facility	include codification of all applicable requirements for
basis.	emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and	a Public petition period for every FOP.
Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	
Permits have a table listing maximum emission	Permit has an applicable requirements table and
limits for pollutants	Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance
	Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable
Provide and health and an arranged day	monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon	Permits can be revised through several revision
application by company. Permits must be issued	processes, which provide for different levels of public
before construction or modification of facilities	notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that
can begin.	would be significant revisions require that a revised
NCD normits are issued independent of FOD	permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list
requirements.	of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

 $www.tceq. texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106 list/index 106. html$

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site: www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.		
Authorization No.: 123119	Issuance Date: 01/23/2015	
Authorization No.: 133807	Issuance Date: 09/22/2015	
Authorization No.: 5264	Issuance Date: 09/22/2015	
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area		
Number: 106.122	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.183	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.265	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.355	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.371	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.373	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.393	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.395	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.412	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.433	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.451	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.452	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997	

Number: 106.471	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.473	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.476	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.492	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table" or "MAERT for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR \$ 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC \$ 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR \$ 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC \$ 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM):

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is a federal monitoring program established under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 64 (40 CFR Part 64).

Emission units are subject to CAM requirements if they meet the following criteria:

- 1. the emission unit is subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement;
- 2. the emission unit uses a control device to achieve compliance with the emission limitation or standard specified in the applicable requirement; and
- 3. the emission unit has the pre-control device potential to emit greater than or equal to the amount in tons per year for a site to be classified as a major source.

The following table(s) identify the emission unit(s) that are subject to CAM:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: CEB		
Control Device ID No.: CEB	Control Device Type: Vapor Combustor	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	SOP Index No.: R5720-CEB	
Pollutant: HIGHLY REACTIVE VOC	Main Standard: § 115.722(c)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature		
Minimum Frequency: once per day		
Averaging Period: n/a*		
Deviation Limit: Combustion temperature below 900 F		
Rasis of CAM. It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's		

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-B1FLR1		
Control Device ID No.: GQ352VEN	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-GQ352VEN	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		

Deviation Limit: Absence of a pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-B1FLR1		
Control Device ID No.: GQ352VEN	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	SOP Index No.: R5720-GQ352VEN	
Pollutant: HIGHLY REACTIVE VOC	Main Standard: § 115.722(c)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-B1FLR2		
Control Device ID No.: GQ352VEN Control Device Type: Flare		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-GQ352VEN	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-B1FLR2		
Control Device ID No.: GQ352VEN	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	SOP Index No.: R5720-GQ352VEN	
Pollutant: HIGHLY REACTIVE VOC	Main Standard: § 115.722(c)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-B2FLR		
Control Device ID No.: 209	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-209	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V2033		
Control Device ID No.: 209	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-209	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(e)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		

Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V2034		
Control Device ID No.: 209	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-209	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(e)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		

Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information		
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ID No.: V2035		
Control Device ID No.: 209	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-209	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(e)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		

Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: V2037	
Control Device ID No.: 209	Control Device Type: Flare
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-209
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(e)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Pilot Flame	
Minimum Frequency: Continuous	

Averaging Period: n/a
Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: B1EXT1		
Control Device ID No.: CARBON CAN	Control Device Type: Carbon adsorption system (non-regenerative)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-CC	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: VOC Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a*		
Deviation Limit: Maximum VOC Concentration = 20 ppmv		
Pagis of monitoring:		

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to monitor a non-regenerative carbon adsorption system is by measuring the outlet VOC concentration with a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. An increase in VOC concentration demonstrates when the carbon canister needs to be replaced. This indicator is consistent with the EPA "CAM Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998) and "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Guidance Document" (April 1999). Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, and RRR; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

^{*}The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: B1POWTRAN		
Control Device ID No.: F213VEN	Control Device Type: Carbon adsorption system (non-regenerative)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-CC	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: VOC Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a*		
Deviation Limit: Maximum VOC Concentration = 20 ppmv		
Racic of monitoring:		

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to monitor a non-regenerative carbon adsorption system is by measuring the outlet VOC concentration with a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. An increase in VOC concentration demonstrates when the carbon canister needs to be replaced. This indicator is consistent with the EPA "CAM Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998) and "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Guidance Document" (April 1999). Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, and RRR; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: F240	
Control Device ID No.: CEB	Control Device Type: Vapor combustor
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	SOP Index No.: 60Ka-03
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112a(a)(3)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature	

Minimum Frequency: One Point Per Hour

Averaging Period: Hourly

Deviation Limit: If minimum combustion temperature is below 899 F (Basis: May 7, 2008 stack test), while waste gas is directed to the control device, and vent gases are not routed to an alternate control device for control, a potential deviation has occurred.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a vapor combustor is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: F250	
Control Device ID No.: CEB	Control Device Type: Vapor combustor
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	SOP Index No.: 60Ka-03
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112a(a)(3)

Monitoring Information

Indicator: Combustion Temperature

Minimum Frequency: One Point Per Hour

Averaging Period: Hourly

Deviation Limit: If minimum combustion temperature is below 899 F (Basis: May 7, 2008 stack test), while waste gas is directed to the control device, and vent gases are not routed to an alternate control device for control, a potential deviation has occurred.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
Olit/ Group/110ccss Information	
ID No.: V2035	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-02
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visual Inspection	

Minimum Frequency: Once per year

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Any defect found during visual inspection of all components of the vapor collection system

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: V2035	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-02
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1)
Monitoring Information	

Indicator: VOC Concentration

Minimum Frequency: Once per year

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: It shall be considered a deviation if there are detectable emissions of 500 ppm or greater above background and/or VOC concentrations are not measured and recorded.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD, and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: V2037	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-02
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator Vigual Inquestion	

Indicator: Visual Inspection

Minimum Frequency: Once per year

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Any defect found during visual inspection of all components of the vapor collection system

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V2037		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-02	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: VOC Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Once per year		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: It shall be considered a deviation if there are detectable emissions of 500 ppm or greater above background and/or VOC concentrations are not measured and recorded.		

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60. Subpart III. 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD, and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Compliance Review

- 1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on February 3, 2017. Site rating: <u>1.33 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: 11.45 / Satisfactory (High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55 ; Unsatisfactory > 55)

Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review

Available Unit Attribute Forms

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- OP-UA8 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes
- OP-UA9 Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes

- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur
- Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinvl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes